1	ST. LOUIS SITE REMEDIATION TASK FORCE
2	* * * *
3	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
4	* * * *
5	TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1996
6	* * * *
7	BE IT REMEMBERED, that on Tuesday, July 16, 1996, the herein described parties met at the
8	Hazelwood Civic Center, Hazelwood, Missouri and the following proceedings were had, to-wit:
9	PARTICIPANTS ATTENDING:
10	Dave Adler, DOE
11	Tom Binz, Laclede Gas Company Bill Brandes, St. Louis Co. HazMat Team
12	Ric Cavanagh, St. Louis County Health Department Kay Drey
13	William Conant, St. Louis County Commission George Eberle, Grace Hill Neighborhood Association
14	Jack Frauenhoffer, Mallinckrodt Chemical Co. Neal Slaten, Union Electric Co.
15	Anna Ginsburg, Vice Chair Jim Grant, Mallinckrodt Chemical Co.
16	Tom Horgan, U.S. Representative Talent's Office Tom Manning, City of Hazelwood
17	Bob Marchant, Metro St. Louis Sewer District Sally Price, Chair
18	Roger Pryor, Coalition for the Environment Conn Roden, St. Louis County Health Department
19	Elsa Steward, MDNR Dan Wall, EPA
20	Nancy Lubiewski Ray Rolen, City of Bridgeton
21	Lee Sobotka, Washington University Christina Flynn, City of Berkeley
22	Jan Titus, Lambert Airport James Dwyer, Facilitator
23	
24	HALE REPORTING, INC. No. 4 Godfrey
25	St. Louis, Missouri 63135 (314) 524-2055
	(314) 324 2033

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TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1996
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    (In Conference Room at 7:46 a.m.)
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              THE COURT: We have one more Task Force
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   member signing in and then we ought to be ready to
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         I will point out for those of you who are here
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    for first time today and those of you who may not
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    have paid attention, that our next meeting is
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    Tuesday, August 20 in this room at the same hour,
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    7:30 a.m.
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              THE CHAIRPERSON:
                                Are there any
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    announcements that anyone on the Task Force has at
    this time?
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              MS. DREY: Yes, real quickly. I wrote
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    something about millorams and radiation dose and I
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    made a typographical mistake on the second line of
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    the second paragraph. I said a picocurie is a
    thousandth of a curie and I should have said
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    trillionth. Lee Sobotka caught it and said I'm off
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   by a factor of I don't know how many
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    something-or-others. But it should be trillionth,
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    with a "TH" on the end. Trillionth.
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              THE CHAIRPERSON:
                                Okay.
              MR. KUCERA: Madam Chairman, we have a
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    state representative here and I would like for him to
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   be able to introduce himself. It doesn't mean that
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we're beginning litigation or anything like that and the presence of attorneys doesn't mean anything like that but, Bill, if you could introduce yourself and say who you work with.

MR. BRYAN: My name is Bill Bryan and I work for the Attorney General's Office for the State of Missouri.

THE FACILITATOR: In that regard, I'd like to point out that there is a sign-in sheet that was not on the table at the earlier part of the morning and perhaps some of you may have missed it. It is very important for our purposes that we have a good record of who attends, both as an active participant and as an observer. So if you have not signed the sign-in sheet please do that before you leave here today. It is on the table behind me at the west end of the room.

I have one other announcement. There are a couple of changes that I think are obvious to those of you who have been before. First of all, the format has changed a bit and that is simply a matter of the fact that Sally and I need to be able to communicate effectively during the course of the meetings and it was a little difficult for us when she was sitting next to me, the point is she wasn't

able to get me attention, and now she can do that.

And secondly, we have a reporter in the room today who is going to make a transcript of this meeting. And many of you know that we have been recording the meetings.

Sarah, we are not making a tape today; is that correct? We are.

So this is a duplication but we're to use this document as the basis for the development of minutes. And while we do not intend to distribute the transcript it will be available upon request if there is a need for it to be distributed on an individual basis if anybody feels the need for it.

That's all I have on that front.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Any other announcements? Okay. We'll move on to approval of the minutes. Are there any corrections or modifications to the minutes that you have from last month's meetings?

THE FACILITATOR: These are the minutes of the June 18 meeting and again copies of this document are available for everyone on the table at the front of the room.

MRS. DREY: I move they been accepted.

THE CHAIRMAN: A second?

MR. MANNING: I'll second.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. All in favor? All opposed? The minutes are approved.

Jim, it occurs to me that there are some people here who are not -- well especially for our court reporter, would it be helpful if people spoke and told their name before they spoke or is that too formal?

THE FACILITATOR: No, I think that that would be helpful and in another context as well. It would certainly help the reporter to make an accurate record of who is saying what but we also have some new participants and it would be helpful I think for them to get know who everyone is and for everyone to know who they are.

Mr. Conant, William Conant is a recent appointee to the County Commission and this is his first Task Force meeting. And is there anyone else here today for the first time? Mr. Slaten, Neal Slaten is representing Union Electric Company and this is his first Task Force meeting. Any others? Okay, good.

THE CHAIRPERSON: Okay.

THE FACILITATOR: I'm sorry. Christina Flynn representing the City of Berkeley is also

here. Is this your first Task Force meeting?

MS. FLYNN: Yes.

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THE FACILITATOR: It is, okay. So we have three new participants as of this morning.

THE CHAIRPERSON: So from here on let's have opportunity for public comment if you want take the meeting.

THE FACILITATOR: Yes. There are three people who have signed up requesting an opportunity to speak. And for those of you who are not familiar with this we try to keep the public comment period to approximately ten minutes and there are three people who have signed up so I would ask you to keep that in mind as you speak.

The first to sign up Ward Hurst representing Golden & Associates Inc. Mr. Hurst misunderstood the list, he thought he was signing in as an observer not as a speaker. So thank you, Mr. Hurst.

The next person who signed up to speak is

Larry Gooden from the Kiesel Company. Mr. Gooden,

there is a portable microphone which we'll get to

you. And I'd like to make good use of this portable

microphone so any of you who choose to speak

thoughout the course of the meeting please wait for

us to get it to you. Mr. Gooden.

MR. GOODEN: Thanks very much. Madam
Chairman, Members of the Task Force, my name is Larry
Gooden and I represent the Kiesel Company along with
an environmental group from Minnesota known as the
West Central Environmental.

And for the past year we have been working with the Department of Energy and SAIC at our expense in developing a process that will basically neutralize the low level radioactive materials in the soils. We currently are in the process of testing our experiments now under the guise of SAIC at an independent testing laboratory.

We just wanted to make you aware of the fact that we are trying to develop processes that are less expensive and that they will bring the low level radioactive materials to its final resting place.

So we appreciate the time and we would like to I guess monitor and keep advised of the processing and at least be in the bidding, if you will, for the project. We understand that, as in most cases, if you'd like to dig and haul it, remove it totally, we feel that there is a potential that the material can be totally neutralized and that it can be converted to inner salts that will render it totally harmless.

So from that standpoint, I appreciate your audience that morning.

THE FACILITATOR: Thank you for your comments. Any questions of Mr. Gooden? All right. Then the third person who has signed up to speak is Sandy Delcoure representing the Missouri Stream Team.

Ms. Delcoure, where are you? We will bring the microphone to you.

MS. DELCOURE: Hello. My name is Sandy
Delcoure and I live on Coldwater in unincorporated
North County. I became interested in the creek and
its environmental problem when we built a new house
there about eight years ago. Controversy has
continued over the years and it seems the stories
have all changed from the contamination from the
creek being serious to that of being hardly anything
at all.

I became quite resigned to it all and I joined the Missouri Stream Team which is sponsored by the Missouri Department of Conservation and the Conservation Federation of Missouri. I adopted Coldwater Creek and won the first Stream Team award for my freelance writing and photography work in local newspapers to increase public awareness of the

creek and its problems.

What has renewed my interest and concern now is that my grandson, who is three and lives with us, has a playground in our backyard which is a 150 feet off of Coldwater Creek. He plays outside every day despite all weather and is often barefoot, as are we all in the family, as we work and play outside around our house year round.

Could the Department of Energy please tell me if we are safe to do this when the people who do studies at the waste sites off the creek at the airport wear moonsuits while working there? Perhaps the DOE could come to my house and do some soil and water samples to ensure me, my family and all the families that live on the creek like us that we are safe in our daily living there.

Perhaps you might leave the contaminated waste on the creek if it were not a populated area. It seems the best solution would be to remove the waste so that it doesn't leak into the soil and water of the flood plain.

This past year was the first year that funding for Stream Team projects was provided by the Missouri Department of Conservation. I have kept the DOE up to date on that through the help of Sarah

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    Snyder and have a copy of the latest newsletter on
    the issue for the DOE today.
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              I hope that the next year we might get a
    project description together and budget and submit it
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    for funding to help in our efforts on Coldwater
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    Creek. It isn't a whole lot of money but it might
    help a little. Thank you for help.
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              And now I'd like to pass around a photo
    album for you to see.
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              THE FACILITATOR: And may we have a copy of
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    your statement for the record? Was that your
    intention?
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             MS. DELCOURE: Well, I gave it to David
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    Adler.
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              THE FACILITATOR: You did.
              MR. ADLER: She gave me a copy and I'll
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    give you one.
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              THE FACILITATOR: All right. Thank you for
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    your comments.
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              Before we move to Item 4 on the agenda,
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    which is the report of the Priorities Working Group,
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    I want to point out that there is an awful lot of
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    paper on the table at the front of the room and it
    might appear to be overwhelming to some of you but
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2.5
    there are a lot of important documents there.
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In addition to the minutes of the June meeting, which were just approved, there is a set of the minutes from the May meeting of the Task Force, which may be of interest to some of you. There is also a copy of a letter from Sally Price to Secretary Hazel O'Leary forwarding a resolution that was adopted by this Task Force on June 18, 1996. And that may be of interest to many of you.

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There are also two bound handouts. One of them is a summary of the evaluation results of a survey that was taken with respect to Site Specific Advisory Boards, including this Task Force. And it's basically an assessment of how the participants feel about the effectiveness of those boards. And it may be of interest to you.

And then finally there is this fairly large bound report prepared -- is this the Keystone Report? It is the Keystone Report titled Final Report of the Federal Facilities Environmental Restoration Dialogue Committee and there is a lot of information in here, some of which may interest you.

So please, if you're inclined, take copies of these documents with you, read them, and if you have questions or comments let us know.

Item 4 on the agenda today is a report of

the Priorities Working Group. The Priorities Working Group has focused recently almost exclusively on the development of a plan for the Riverfront Trail which was something that arose fairly recently as a potential action item for 1996. And there was, first of all, an effort to determine what level of cleanup or what general type of cleanup would be suitable to accommodate the bike trail and for the long term, the community. And then once the principals were established, to develop a detailed plan. David Adler is going to report today on the status of that project.

Yes?

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MR. EBERLE: I would like to make possibly a minor correction in your statement. The bike trail was always part of the downtown site. And it was in the development of, you know, the most expeditious way to deal with our problems that we separated the Mallinckrodt site proper from the levee site but that had always been part of what we were talking about. So what came up rather suddenly was not the inclusion of the trail into our thinking, but rather the immediacy of that phase of the project.

THE FACILITATOR: Thank you.

MR. ADLER: Okay. It has been discussed I

guess at two recent meetings in terms of what general approach we would take for the bike trail. I think the news is generally very good. The bottom line is it appears that we are able to get that project going this fiscal year assuming the group remains supportive of it.

We talked about the near term Priorities
Working Group meeting the week before last, remember
we talked about it at the Wednesday night Pizza
steering session meeting last Wednesday night also.

In both cases the group seemed to be, if not unanimous -- I don't remember specifically how the votes came out -- nearly unanimous in support of an Option III type approach. I think everyone now knows what Option III means in this parlance for getting the bike trail up and running.

It basically involves not removing every picocurie and not attempting to clean the site up to residential standards but cleaning the site up to standards that are suitable for future recreational use.

My task was to go and see if we could get that done that year and if all the practical elements of it were workable. And it appears that they are.

I'm now very confident that I've got the money to

remove the soil. I'm quite confident I also have the money to ship the soil away so we don't have this issue of staging it temporarily and people worrying about a temporary storage problem.

There was an issue about what to do with the soil during the interim period between when you dug it up and when you're loading it onto the trains and I believe that Mallinckrodt is willing -- Jack, correct me if I'm wrong here -- Mallinckrodt is willing to allow us to use their staging area right next to the railroad tracks there to stage the soil. So that's kind of them to allow us to move soil from the city property onto Mallinckrodt property for a very temporary stage while it's loaded into cars and shipped away.

So it appears that we have the money, I think we have general consensus on how to proceed, it's scheduable, we could get it going this summer so as to be out of the trailmakers way when they come down the road.

So my proposal is we go ahead and schedule it and do it. I've got a lot details. I've obviously gone over it in very general terms now.

I've got lots of pictures and details on where contamination is and isn't and where we would and

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would not be digging, where the trail would be laid
   out and I'd be happy to share that paper to anyone
    else who wants to see it later.
              But the general news is that we appear to
   have a plan, we do appear to have money, and a
    scheduable approach to getting it done.
              Does anybody have any questions about the
              Yes, Kay.
   proposal?
              MS. DREY: Could you please tell us the
    difference between the standards used for Option III
                    In other words, Option IV being for
    and Option IV?
    unrestricted use?
              MR. ADLER:
                          Yes.
              MS. DREY:
                         I mean numbers.
                                          I don't mean
   you know, like in picocuries per gram.
                         You mean in picocuries per
              MR. ADLER:
   gram.
              MS. DREY:
                         Right.
              MR. ADLER:
                          Yeah. We looked at -- I'm
   trying to make sure I don't get the numbers all
   messed up because I've already done this once.
    actually only looked at three approaches. One was to
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   basically lay the trail down on top of the conditions
   as they currently exist and to rely upon the
    shielding provided by the trail itself to ensure the
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safety of bike riders. So there is very little to know, removal of contamination under that option, Option 1.

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The second option we looked at was to go throughout the entire area and remove any location where the soil levels exceeded 50 picocuries er gram which is the hot spot level thrown around in all of our Option III discussions for this group.

And then the last option that we looked at was the option of simply removing all contamination that exceeds five and fifteen thereby restoring the site to near background conditions and making it suitable right next to the river for any type of future development.

Our conclusion was that all of those approaches left the bike riders and the occasional person who strays off the trail and holds a picnic to the side of the trail or fishes or something like that, ensures that they receive no significant radiation dose.

The numbers are in the paper I can hand out but they were in the single digit millirems per year range, a fraction of a percent of the natural background radiation dose we all receive.

So the cutoff between the middle road

17 option and the most aggressive option is the difference cleaning up to 50 picocuries per gram and cleaning up to five and fifteen picocuries per gram. MS. DREY: Fifty for thorium and radium? MR. ADLER: Fifty for thorium and radium. Or is it adding all up to 50? MS. DREY: No. MR. ADLER: MS. DREY: Or is it 50? Yeah. It turns out that by the MR. ADLER: time you've gotten 50 on either one you've achieved 50 for the other. They're generally co-located contaminants. The difference in cost between the recreational endpoint and a residential endpoint was pretty significant. If I'm not mistaken we're

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The difference in cost between the recreational endpoint and a residential endpoint was pretty significant. If I'm not mistaken we're talking about 750 cubic yards to make it suitable for aggressive recreational activity and we're talking about 4000 cubic yards to restore it to the same guidelines that we use for residential properties out here in North County. So roughly the differences in cost are the differences between about \$750,000, which we can handle this year, and \$4 million which we cannot handle this year.

So there is a difference in soil volume, there is a difference in cost. By all of the

analyses we've done, there is no significant difference in the risk for the utility of the land for recreational use.

2.4

So the group seemed to be centering on that center option and that's what I propose we proceed with.

THE FACILITATOR: Questions? Ric.

MR. CAVANAGH: Yes. What is this going to cost in terms of Option III? Number two, what impact does that have on the other sites or our ability to get funding for all of those sites in the near term? And thirdly, and I guess this is a larger question, now what exactly is the role of this Task Force? Is it to sanction your recommendation? Is it to bless DOE, and I don't mean this caustically, or do we make recommendations? You know, where does this all fit in because I think a number of us are still not clear.

MR. ADLER: Sure. Good questions. In terms of impacts on other project, basically this project is made possible by underruns, or anticipated underruns in projects already planned.

In particular, the work that we have planned for later on this summer at the downtown plant it now appears it will be less expensive than

was originally expected. We put contracts out for bid and the bids have come in at a lower level than we expected so that freed up some money. So it doesn't require that we compromise or reduce any other activity that this group has promoted. The project would cost about \$750,000 plus or minus a \$100,000. You never really know until you get into these things.

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The role of this group generally on this matter has been to kind of be the stewards of the \$15 million that we got at the start of the year. And most of this took place actually before you started participating with the group. But at the start of the year this group was given the opportunity to tell DOE how to spend pretty much the entire \$15 million because we didn't want to proceed with a project that the group was opposed to, where there was strong option to, and generally we like to have the general support of the group before we proceed on spending millions of tax dollars.

So the general process we've gone by is that the group has held some votes on whether or not to, whatever -- encourage, suggest, direct -- DOE to spend money on projects.

MR. CAVANAGH: I quess the specific

question is if we say no does DOE go ahead and do it anyway because they feel like it?

MR. ADLER: If you say no and there are enough people saying no then DOE has a hard time moving ahead because you all are our clients on this job.

I'm unaware of any project this year that we have proceeded with where the group said no. And I'm only aware of projects that we did proceed with where the group said yes. I don't think we've officially handed over a unilateral veto authority.

MR. CAVANAGH: I guess I'm playing hypotheticals relevant to some of the future discussions but, I mean, you know, again, is there a certain majority of this Task Force, say, a simple majority enough to advise DOE?

THE FACILITATOR: The objective from the beginning has been to achieve consensus support for whatever recommendations are made to the Department of Energy and the expression from the very beginning has been recommendations.

The notion is, at least I understand it, that the Task Force hasn't been given or assumed even the authority to dictate. On the other hand, it has been agreed by all parties, including DOE and its

contractors, that the input of this Task Force is very important and will be given due consideration and that language was developed in the context of a final report and recommendations.

What has happened is that we have made interim reports and recommendations which include the notion that the Riverfront Trail would be substituted for another project that wasn't proceeding this year.

MR. CAVANAGH: If I could just then follow up with a comment. My larger concern and some of us have spoken about this, you know, in just kind of a run through in terms of our abilities to access large sums of money quickly this fiscal year and to move quickly on these fronts and, you know, frankly, I'm concerned if we nitpick and take a little bit of the piece of the pie are we going to be jeopardizing our capabilities of getting more funds to larger sums of money quickly.

MR. ADLER: I really think decisions on this matter and other similar matters simply speak to how we apply FY 96 dollars. I don't see it as having a big impact on your decisionmaking. One thing it does is demonstrate that the group can make decisions. But in terms of impacting future budgets,

I don't see that as an issue.

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One point, if there were a situation where EPA said DOE we as your regulators demand that you take some action and the Task Force were to say we don't really like that action, then we've got to obey the law. And the law says we comply with the input of our regulators. That situation has not come up so far, but that's one situation I can vision where we had to kind of split things up.

Secondly, if there's just some situation where we felt, DOE felt, that some quick measure was necessary to protect human health and the environment from an imminent exposure hazard we would do that. I think we would do that even if it were politically unpopular and the majority of the Task Force didn't like it we would just have to proceed with that.

Most of the items that we have talked about doing this year have been fairly discretionary from a risk standpoint. They weren't absolutely essential to protect the near term safety of folk but they were good things to get done.

And at least in one case the Task Force chose to set us on a path and then as we got further into it chose to take us off the path and we willingly dropped it. The ballfield project was one

where there was a proposal to take measures to restore the ballfields and ultimately the Task Force -- difficulties arose and a second vote was held to drop that one and we did.

THE FACILITATOR: Yes, Kay.

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MS. DREY: Does your \$750,000 Option III estimate include fencing along the levee?

MR. ADLER: Yes, it does.

MS. DREY: So the kids can't get onto the levee?

MR. ADLER: Well no. Thanks for asking the question. One element of the proposal is to build a fence on the western side of the levee so that in effect everything east of the fence, the dike and the lands to the east of the dike, are suitable for the type of recreational activities that are envisioned for that area. But we thought it a good idea to go ahead and get a fence up on the western side of the levee so that when kids do climb up on the levee for a view if they're tempted to go down the other side and head off into Mallinckrodt's chemical works they're precluded from doing so by a fence. Well, obviously, you have to have gates and coordinate with the Corps and make it possible for people to get back and forth through the fence but we thought the fence

was a reasonable barrier to trespass onto the Mallinckrodt plant.

MS. DREY: Well, since the levee will still be contaminated have you considered putting the fence to keep the kids off of the levee, put it on the east side of the levee?

MR. ADLER: I guess there continues to be debate over whether or not the levee is contaminated or not.

MS. DREY: I'm going to be meeting with Dave.

MR. ADLER: I know you're going to be meet with Dave about it. But there would be no need to do that from a risk standpoint. It's our view that the child or adult who climbs up onto the levee to eat a peanut butter and jelly sandwich or kick up some dust and breathe that, those types of activities, wouldn't yield significant exposure.

MS. DREY: I'm not thinking about the people who bike through, you know, once every six months, I'm talking about the children who live in the neighborhood who will be attracted to the trail.

MR. ADLER: Absolutely. And they are the most, you know, sensitive target and they are what we've looked at most closely, that endpoint has been

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    evaluated.
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              MS. GINSBURG: I'm confused. Wouldn't the
    east side of the levee be in the river?
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              MR. ADLER: No, the fence goes on the west
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    side of the levee.
                             Right.
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              MS. GINSBURG:
              MS. DREY: But it would be on the river
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    side, right?
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              MR. ADLER: There's a fair amount of land
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    between the levee and the river.
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              MS. DREY: Where you're going to put the
    trail.
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              MR. ADLER: And that's actually where the
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    bike trail goes.
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              MS. GINSBURG: The trail will be in the
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    river too; isn't that right?
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              MR. ADLER: No, the trail is between the
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    levee and the river.
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              MS. DREY: So it's east of the levee too.
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    It's in the river?
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              MR. ADLER: Yeah.
              MS. DREY: And it floods.
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              THE CHAIRPERSON: I have a clarifying point
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    on the funding. We had alluded in other discussions
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    that maybe funding from projects in New Jersey and
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New York would be used to do this project if we didn't have enough of our own and today it sounds like you're saying we have enough of our own if we do the 750,000 project; is that right?

MR. ADLER: Correct.

THE FACILITATOR: Is that the end of discussion on that topic? Anymore questions or comments?

MR. EBERLE: The significance of this project is not a bike trail for tourists who come from other places to enjoy the river, the significance of this project is what it can do for economic development of north St. Louis.

There have been numerous discussions that are continuing and have gone on quite successfully that uses the bike trail as the focal point for community policing for the work of the State's Department of Labor and Education, the Department of Conservation, the Department of Economic Development in order to generate the kind of economic activity that could change the circumstances of many of the people in north St. Louis.

An example of that is that the old Chain of Rocks Bridge, the costs have come in on that, and that will cost about \$820,000, which is not an

unreasonable goal to be achieved, which would connect the bike trail over to the confluence trail in Illinois which would increase the tourism possibilities which can increase the kinds of activities that would benefit the people who live in that area, and then I could go on and say more about that, but it would be important for the members of the Task Force to know that it's the pressure that we seem to be placing on you is not to have a bike trail but it is to enable the kind of economic development which would materially change the circumstances of the lives of many people.

The importance for us is the scheduling problems and this is why this was in a sense intruded in your deliberations. The funding is available and we can begin the grading and paving as early as October of this year. If we don't fit in to that schedule then we will have lost another entire year for this kind of economic development. It does seem that the costs are within reason for that larger project, so I would just ask you to think of this in terms of a larger good that can be accomplished.

And then finally, I have over the time that we have been working together I have been impressed with the knowledge and wisdom of all of you. So I

can't speak to whether it should be Option I or II or III and I don't know whether we got the right numbers or don't have the right numbers, and I don't know anything about that stuff and I defer to the wisdom of the group of people who know and understand those things, so my assumption is that you're all atisfied that a plan has come up which will protect the people who use that property. I am only speaking to the significance of this for welfare reform plans, for employment plans and economic development.

MS. GINSBURG: I'd just like to add,

George, I mean I don't think this is particularly

just an economic and community development project

for the city but I think it has implications for the

entire St. Louis region.

THE FACILITATOR: Are there any other comments or questions concerning the Riverfront Trail project?

MR. ADLER: Just to make sure I'm clear. I intend to schedule this work and do it in time for the graders and pavers to come through and do it. I don't know if we need to hold a vote or anything like that. If people come up to me and say I'm going to do it, and they're being very clear, that's good enough for me. But it is our intent now based on the

analyses that have been done and the general input we've received from the group, the availability of the funds and the coordination between the city and Mallinckrodt to go ahead to put this deal together and do it. I have to, as a practical matter, start the wheels in motion pretty soon in order to line up the labor and the equipment and all that good stuff to make it to happen this September.

THE FACILITATOR: I think the intention all along has been to try to bring this to closure as quickly as possible and I think at one point we really hoped that we could do that last month.

MR. ADLER: And we were close.

THE FACILITATOR: And that turned out not to be possible.

MR. MANNING: My question is with MDNR.

Has MDNR given its blessings to this plan? And is
the cleanup acceptable to the state of Missouri?

MS. STEWARD: We voted at the Working Group meeting for an Option III for that area.

MR. CAVANAGH: I don't want to belabor this but I think it's important that we move forward with this, that is why I raised some of the questions that I raised because, frankly, what I'm hearing you're going to do it anyway.

MR. ADLER: Well, no. Well, if everyone were to jump up and say --

MR. CAVANAGH: And again, I don't know mean exaggeration for a fact. But it raises the question does the final decision come from the Task Force?

Does it come from working groups? Does it come from other groups?

My personal bias is if we're going to have this Task Force then it should be a Task Force decision as opposed to the smaller groups, number one. Number two, in order to make sure the Task Force is adequately informed on at least future decisions. For instance, if I were to be asked to vote on this right now I have nothing in writing, I've not seen the cost figures, I have not looked at outputs, outcomes. It would be pretty hard for me to justifiably stand up and say that I've got enough information to make a decision.

address some of your comments about whether the working groups decide or we decide. It's been the practice that the working groups have more or less taken the job of studying these various interim -- especially the Priorities Working Group -- they've studied the interim projects in further detail and

hashed out all these sorts of things in those meetings and then on the basis of those meetings come up with the recommendation that they've brought here.

At our last meeting we did have some report on -- let's see, June 18 -- no, we did not have the report at the Task Force meeting.

MR. CAVANAGH: I would feel more comfortable, you know, again, in having a packet that we voted on and we could say we approved this packet, Exhibit A, and, you know, didn't approve B, C, D, whatever it is, for future reference because it gets to the point now you begin to wonder what we did approve. And I'm concerned both for our own personal integrity and professional integrity as well as potential litigation down the road or whatever, because God knows that can always happen, that we have, you know, adequate documentation on exactly what the Task Force has approved.

THE CHAIRPERSON: Sarah, could you help me and review what -- we had some materials given to us in the Priorities Working Group, those did not go out?

MS. SNYDER: No.

MR. ADLER: Are they not on the table up

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there today? Okay. I think what's happened, Ric, is that the type of information that you would like to have was presented to this subcommittee and discussed once or twice. I guess the subcommittee did not formally make a recommendation this time as they usually have on these types of proposals, that's the difference between this and all the other activities

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THE FACILITATOR: Normally that would be the case, and I'm reaching here, I don't remember exactly what the missing links were but I do know that normally there would be a document sent out in advance of a Task Force meeting, that document would contain a recommendation, there would then be discussion of that recommendation at the Task Force meeting and action on it one way or another.

Clearly, and this has been consistent from day one, the decisionmaking authority rests with the full Task Force not with the working groups.

MR. CAVANAGH: Personally I'm not opposed to it, and I'm not trying to imply that, but I do think and I've sent a letter to Jim to this effect that I think it is very important for this Task Force at this point in time to tighten up its work a little bit better, get proper documentation, have paper

trails and be in it court or for auditors that we have that information available.

MR. MANNING: This issue was discussed last month at the meeting and basically the motion was made to proceed and then it was brought back with the amendment that it came back to the committee this month based upon the final report. I guess from the characterization and that from Dave Adler that we go ahead and make our decision at this time whether to proceed or whether to drop this project.

MR. ADLER: And then that meeting occurred and that was the meeting that occurred a couple of weeks ago at the Berkeley City Hall where we presented all the data and went though it in some detail.

The only outstanding item after that meeting, to my recollection, was that Kay wanted some information on the levee. And there was the open issue of what to do with the soil that we knew we'd have to stage at some point. And some people requested additional information with regard to the backup for the risk assessment which was provided. But that was it. It was could you give us these last few bricks and those have been provided. They didn't seem to change anybody's thinking.

1 THE FACILITATOR: There was also the question until some point fairly recently the 2 question of what level of cleanup was the appropriate 3 level and that was based on -- or the determination 5 was based on the characterization data which weren't available to us a month ago. MS. DREY: I thought that the working 7 group, whatever it was, the Priorities Working Group, 8 we did agree on Clean Option III. You know, that was a formal agreement. 10 THE FACILITATOR: I think we did too. 11 And I can't recall, as I sit here, why the document 12 evidencing that hasn't been --13 Is it in the minutes, Sarah? MS. DREY: 14 THE FACILITATOR: I don't even remember 15 exactly what the date of that meeting was. 16 MS. DREY: It was the pizza meeting. 17 Ιt wasn't Priorities, it was the pizza. 18 THE FACILITATOR: Well, we're going to get 19 into that. That's a separate thing altogether. 20 MS. DREY: That doesn't have any --21 THE FACILITATOR: Well, there hasn't been a 22 report about that. But you'll hear about that in 23 five minutes if we get to it. We were focusing on 24 the Priorities Working Group and I think maybe there 25

is a set of minutes from whatever the date of that working group.

Priorities meeting, is that what you're asking?

THE FACILITATOR: That long ago? Well, in

THE CHAIRPERSON: June second.

6 any event, I don't know how to explain that.

MR. ADLER: I have an idea. I guess there are two ways we can handle this. I'm sensitive and understand Ric's thought there.

One way we could do it is we could back up

-- I don't like this one so much -- but we could

back up and open the table and the information to

anyone who wants to have a second meeting focused on

this issue and try it again.

Another thing is that we could not have a vote, the Task Force could not make any strong recommendation one way or another. I could simply describe the department's intent and our basis for that intent and proceed.

I don't think that -- I think when the lawyers come out, Ric, they're going to come after me in any event. I think that all of these decisions -- this group actually doesn't make decisions for the Department of Energy, it makes recommendations.

MR. CAVANAGH. To be honest, the lawyers

will come after you and the reporters will come after me.

MR. ADLER: Right. Maybe they'll talk to me first. I'm sure you're right, though. But one option would be for me to go ahead and say here is my intent, anyone who has residual concerns should feel free to tell people they don't know all the facts they'd like to know and they want to talk to the Department of Energy about it and DOE would be happy to talk to you about it.

In the interim DOE is comfortable with its ideas and comfortable that there are enough people who are sufficiently informed of it and comfortable with it that they should proceed, take the risk, and goes ahead and starts doing it.

MS. DREY: I brought the data that I was given on picocuries per gram and the levee and so forth along with me today and I'm meeting with David Miller afterwards of SAIC to ask him some questions and I'm sure anyone who would like to sit in on that would be very welcome.

MR. GRANT: I was just going to suggest, obviously it's been looked at, some recommendations have been made, maybe some type of scope could be developed, not a real big document but a couple of

pages describing just what's going to be done.

That's what people seem to be asking for.

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MR. ADLER: We've already done that, and that was what was presented to the last group and we can just share that to a broader audience. I just hadn't intended to today bring this group to the same level of detail that we brought the other group through earlier.

MR. MANNING: Being one of those fortunate ones that is a member of the Priorities Working Group, I make the motion that we go ahead and accept this project using current funds out the '96 budget and that we adopt the cleanup plan that has been proposed.

We request that DOE submit a copy of that basically for the record, include in the record. Since that plan has been both presented to and basically concurred by the Department of Natural Resources for the state of Missouri and that we just go ahead and get the trail cleaned up and move on.

MR. EBERLE: Second that.

MS. STEWARD: We would like to add one contingency to our approval of Option III and that is we're waiting for the state Department of Health to approve this cleanup level on a risk basis and we're

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not expecting that for another two to three weeks is
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   my understanding. We're willing to go with the III
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   conditioned upon the Department of Health's approval
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   of the cleanup level.
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            THE FACILITATOR: Is there any reaction to
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           Okay. Is there anymore discussion on the
   that?
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   motion?
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              MR. MANNING: I was going to ask is that
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   going to cause a problem as far as the time frame.
                          I don't think so. I'm very
              MR. ADLER:
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   comfortable that I can predict the result.
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              MR. MANNING: In that case, I'll accept
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    that as amendment to the motion.
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                               You're saying that you're
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              THE FACILITATOR:
    accepting that as an amendment, that qualification --
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              MR. MANNING:
                            Right.
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              THE FACILITATOR: -- that this is as far as
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    you are concerned you are proposing that the project
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    go forward subject to review and approval by the
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    state Department of Health.
              MR. MANNING: Correct. I think George has
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    concurred with his second.
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                               Any additional discussion
              THE FACILITATOR:
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    on the motion as amended? Shall we call the
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    question? All those in favor of the motion please
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signify by saying aye? Opposed? The motion carries unanimously. Are there any abstentions?

MS. FLYNN: Nay.

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THE FACILITATOR: I'm sorry, I didn't hear that. Thank you. There is one nay. Yes, Ric.

MR. CAVANAGH: And one abstention.

THE FACILITATOR: And one abstention, Mr.

Cavanagh. Okay. If there is nothing more on that subject we can move to item number five which is a report of the Remediation Options Working Group and I'd like to explain briefly what has gone on and what documentation exists so we can anticipate the sort of question that Ric just raised with respect to the Riverfront Trail.

The Remediation Options Working Group is actually a special -- it was a series of two special meetings of the Task Force. All members, all participants on the Task Force were invited to these meetings, their occurrence was the result of Jack Frauenhoffer's suggestion at the June Task Force Meeting that while we seemed close to reaching closure, close enough to at least start on our way toward first draft of a final report, we weren't quite there in his estimation. And he thought that we needed a forum that would allow people an

opportunity to speak in detail about which type of cleanup -- and when I say that I'm talking about the four Roman numeral options that the Task Force identified earlier in the spring, which type of cleanup was suitable in each person's estimation for each of the ten component sites that were identified. And that probably sounds like Greek to many of you, but the information is available if you would like it see it.

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So the first of those meetings was held on June 25. And there is a set of approved, not minutes actually, but summary notes from that meeting. This handout is on the table at the front of the room.

There are still copies of it up there. The group consisted of about 15 people that night, including both EPA and MDNR representatives, and they spoke from their regulatory points of view and then we started through a process of initially the principal interested party for each of the ten component sites, assuming there was one, speaking up and saying this is how I envision the future for our site.

Anna Ginsburg, for example, spoke for the city and the airport authority with respect to the airport site and the ballfields. Jan Titus supplemented her remarks, as I recall.

And went through a succession of that sort of conversation in the first meeting and then we met again last Wednesday night, July 10, and brought that process to closure. We then presented each participant with an opportunity to speak whether or not he or she had a direct interest in a particular site there was nevertheless an opportunity to say what he or she thought ought to be the appropriate remedy for each site.

That meeting has not yet been documented. Or at least the documentation has not been circulated to the entire Task Force because the meeting occurred just last Wednesday night. There are minutes that have been handed to most of those who were present last Wednesday night to give them an opportunity to review and comment on those minutes. As soon as I've gotten all the comments, this document will be finalized and distributed to each of you.

In the meantime, we're strategizing for today's purposes and we felt we couldn't wait another month in order to get this information on the table. And so it was agreed, basically Sally and I agreed, that we would present an overview of the conclusions that have been reached which ought to give you a sense of where we think the Task Force is headed at

the moment, where we think the final report will suggest that DOE head, and then I will give a quick overview of what went on last Wednesday and the conclusions that were reached, then each of the participants who were there last week will have an opportunity to modify that or say where they dissented or whatever they want to say and then the entire Task Force will have an opportunity to question or comment.

The bottom line is that after a lot of discussion we settled on essentially one or two options for each site, either an Option III or an Option IV. There was no consideration in the final analysis given to Option I or II type cleanups.

Option I is essentially no action; Option II is minimal action on a particular site and I think the collective agreement among all participants that we were not considering options 1 and 2. We were narrowing the consideration to whether Option III or Option IV type cleanups would be appropriate in each case.

Option III, for those of you who have not been participating in this process to date, is essentially removal of hot spots and capping of what remains. That's a very simplified point of view and

the details would change from site to site but fundamentally we're talking about removing the hottest material, shipping it somewhere for permanent disposal and then capping what remains.

And an Option IV type cleanup would be essentially exhumation of all of the contaminated waste and remote disposal or it could conceivably be disposal on-site under certain circumstances as you will hear about in a minute.

As you will recall, the entire St. Louis site was broken into ten component parts and when all the dust settled as of last Wednesday night, the recommendations that were adopted, I believe by consensus among all those participating, were as follows:

option III type cleanups were approved for the Riverfront Trail, as you have heard earlier today, for the Mallinckrodt plant site downtown, and Mallinckrodt representatives will be available to speak to the rationale behind that; to West Lake landfill and to the lower portion of Coldwater Creek. And there will be ample opportunity to discuss why the creek has been divided into two sections. And by the way not everyone agrees with that conclusion but it is the consensus.

option IV type cleanups which would mean excavation or exhumation of the contaminated material and disposal of it in appropriate circumstances.

Option IV remediations were approved for recommendation for a SLAPS, and by that I mean the principal airport site. We sometimes speak of it within the fence.

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The SLAPS vicinity properties which would mean all of the North County haul routes and vicinity properties, the ballfields, the downtown vicinity properties and the distinction there is that they are properties that are not controlled. They are privately owned and they're generally accessible. Another consideration was that they're generally modest volumes and therefore it's not a particular challenging undertaking, the HISS piles above grade and below and the upper portions of Coldwater Creek.

with respect to Coldwater Creek there hasn't been a definitive demarkation point between upper and lower but essentially the distinction that was discussed has to do with the area of the creek that is adjacent to SLAPS and that runs through industrialized or highly developed areas as distinct from the lower portions of the creek which tend to be more bucolic and therefore worthy of preservation in

their current state as much as possible.

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So that's the overview. What I'd like to do is suggest that we simply go around the room and that those people who participated in the development of these recommendations elaborate as they see fit and I'd like to start over here with Jack.

MR. FRAUENHOFFER: I presented the perspective for Mallinckrodt and we were looking at an Option III cleanup. The reason for that is that the area that that plant is built on is basically fill material already so it doesn't make a lot of sense to try to clean up that site. I quess I'll call it to residential Greenfield type standards when you're in a fill arena to begin with. There's also an ongoing active chemical plant that's been there for a 130 years, and it's my intent to retire from there in about another ten, and I hope it goes for another hundred or more after that at least. there is not a lot of reason to go for an Option IV for that particular facility.

For the same reasons, and I'll talk a little bit about the Riverfront Trail because it's contiguous to our property, the same reasoning applies there. It's fill area beneath that. You also have a levee that's an integral part of the

flood control plan for the area. If the integrity of that levee is damaged you end up with the potential for inundating the whole industrial arena from the riverfront area in north St. Louis all the way down to Anheuser-Busch in south St. Louis because it's connected by huge interceptor beneath the grand facility. So we don't want to interfere with the functioning of that particular levee.

The other areas that I spoke to were the vicinity properties. And my recommendation there is that would be Option IV because those are private properties and they don't have the same level of management available that Mallinckrodt provides for its property.

THE FACILITATOR: Thank you, Jack.

MR. RODEN: I was present at the meetings and was more of an observer than I was actually making presentations as to any particular properties affected or any particular site. On that particular evening, I did not vote and I abstained from voting until I had acquired a little bit more information from the administration of St. Louis County.

And I had my own personal perspectives of things that were going on but we were not -- although we have a generic interest obviously in the welfare

of each particular site in St. Louis County, we did not present a presentation on each particular site. 2 We are prepared to vote in the future but 3 from information that I have inquired now, but at that time I was not prepared. 5 THE FACILITATOR: Thank you, Conn. 6 looking around the room to see who was there. I'm thinking particularly of last Wednesday night. Elsa, do you want to elaborate at all on what I have said in the way of overview? 10 MS. STEWARD: I don't think so at this 11 time. 12 THE FACILITATOR: No? Okay. Dave, you 13 were a participate. 14 MR. ADLER: The pizza was great and I 15 16 didn't vote. THE FACILITATOR: The pizza wasn't that 17 great. The pizza was adequate. 18 THE CHAIRPERSON: You know, I think it was 19 a good meeting and I basically came out on the same 20 side as all of the things you just overviewed except 21 for West Lake. I didn't vote on West Lake. I didn't 22 feel like I know enough about West Lake to do that. 23 But I knew it wouldn't be a IV so, you know, that's 24

about the best I could do on that.

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The creek became a pretty big issue for me personally in a way that it hadn't been in the past. As we discussed it -- I don't how many of you on this Task Force are really familiar with Coldwater Creek from the airport area all the way out to the Missouri River or the Mississippi, but it has a very woodsy, rustic kind of a feel down toward the distal end, I call it, of the creek. And there are wild life that winter over. I mean, you can drive by -- I've seen various hawks and things though the winter. It's a real pretty area of the creek.

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And when Dave was explaining about the Option IV cleanup and what type action that actually would take and the form of, he mentioned bulldozers and things of that sort, so I envisioned these hundred year old trees being knocked down and so forth and for the sake of contamination in the middle of this stream in the sediment that very few people really would be in contact with.

So it started to kind of develop in my mind that we could hit this in two forms and maybe do a level IV up high where it really is, through industrial use and so forth more or less a trash bin in certain areas. I mean, there's bottles and all kinds of dirt. And to clean that out would be

improvement. But to do spot cleanup further down and try to be as least impacting upon the creek as possible to me would be a much more sensible approach.

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But, you know, again I don't know a lot of the details. And Peggy Hermes was there, and she was representing the coalition, and I had occasion to speak with her last night and I hope that Roger can help shed some light for us. He was aware of someone who was familiar with the creek but maybe if you were able to reach him last night you would have some opinion on that. Do you have anything to add?

MR. PRYOR: Yes, I'd be glad to add if this is the appropriate time. I was not able to reach John. John Lark was out of town all last week and will be back Sunday sometime and both Peggy and I missed him. He was at his office for a while. He had been away from his family for a week so he and his wife and kids went to celebrate somewhere and what time they got back I'm sure it was after ten because they still were not answering their phone.

At any rate, John is a landscape architect in Webster Groves and back in 1977 the voters in St.

Louis County passed a park bond issue which included at the time a look at the creation of possible linear

parks along several creeks in St. Louis County. And John was the architect who got the contract to do these studies. And one of the creeks they looked at quite extensively was Coldwater Creek.

I have all his reports and everything. And John was aware at the time of the contamination issue. And my recollection, and I want to talk to him to confirm this, was he thought it was possible to clean up the creek without impacting the natural — I mean, the creek is not pristine in the sense that I consider pristine because it is contaminated. Not only that there's an old landfill that cuts through back in there and there's a lot of other stuff in the creek. The water quality could definitely be improved. But that lower end, the lower three miles or so certainly by St. Louis standards looks like a pretty neat area. And no one denies that.

And what I would like to suggest, and I don't know how our time frame is but if I can get ahold of John today and if he could make an opinion, you know, available to this group as to what he thinks would be possible to do down there and maybe need to consult with Dave to get a sense of what would be necessary from his point of view, I would

like to get, you know, someone who has experience in doing this kind of park restoration and cleanup work in an area trying to protect the natural qualities before we make the final decision on that.

I'm sorry that he was out town and I wasn't able to get ahold of him. But, like I say, he probably knows that creek as well as anybody and I'm sure he would be more than happy to lend his assistance to us.

THE CHAIRPERSON: Well, I think that's the kind of information that I know I need. I would like to see us do a marginal cleanup in that area, but a good enough cleanup. I mean, that's the question.

So I'm not positive on the three level of cleanup in that area but I am hoping that that is attainable.

THE FACILITATOR: The fundamental issue here is how can you get the creek clean enough to be safe and not destroy it at the same time and that's why it was divided into two categories. And it seemed based on what we thought we knew last Wednesday night that an Option III seemed to be the right approach for the lower end and an Option IV for the upper end.

MS. DREY: I did want to say that I think that it's correct that not all of the people who

attended the second pizza meeting agree on the distinctions within Coldwater Creek. You know, one of my concerns is not only the beauty of the creek as a linear park but the creek flows into the Missouri River upstream from where the city of St. Louis gets its drinking water at the Chain of Rocks Wate. Treatment Plant. Even though that is on the Mississippi River, it's Missouri River water and then Coldwater Creek flows into the city of St. Louis's drinking water source.

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I also want to say that I don't believe that everyone agreed on Option III for West Lake landfill either because it is in the Missouri River flood plain. In fact, is upstream from where the city of Florissant gets its drinking water intake or at least there is an intake in Florissant just below West Lake landfill.

And I guess my only other question, Jim, was when you described Option IV for the group just now, you said I believe exhumation, meaning digging up buried stuff and disposal in an appropriate location. As I understand it, it's disposal away from Metropolitan St. Louis. Or taking it away not it leaving it on-site. I thought that was a part of Option IV.

that way was that there was a discussion about whether there were any circumstances under which a more local disposal than the types we have been talking about would be suitable. And by "more local" I don't necessarily mean in St. Louis County or at the airport even but might be a regional solution whether there are any circumstances under which that might work.

And the response from the Missouri

Department of Natural Resources, which I think is

consistent with everything I've heard from that

agency for as long as I have been involved, was that

theoretically yes if a cell were properly

constructed. And the definition of a properly

constructed cell has not been finally determined, I

think that's a site specific issue. But nevertheless

if one were to be properly designed then

theoretically a regional disposal facility might be

acceptable to at least that agency.

The question remains whether -- there are several questions -- whether that is feasible and whether there is any financial advantage to that approach. So I didn't want to foreclose it if it wasn't appropriate.

MS. DREY: I can't remember, though, what it said on Option IV when we all went through those things.

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THE FACILITATOR: Yes. I don't have the matrix with me. Sarah is telling me that it doesn't specify a disposal size. It simply says exhibition and disposal. And I think the idea was -- first of all, we were dealing with ten different sites and there were different conditions that we were trying to grapple with so there even may have been slightly different wording from site to site.

MS. DREY: Elsa, can you describe just really briefly what the state would allow for, you know, what Jim was saying the state would agree to on-site disposal.

MS. STEWARD: We're not taking a position on that at this time. We would have to find out what would be involved with that on-site disposal and whether it would be sufficiently protective.

that I have heard referred to is the model established at Weldon Spring. And that at least offers a circumstance that has been reviewed and approved by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources. It is within the region. In many ways is

instructive. It isn't necessarily conclusive I don't think but it helps.

MR. PRYOR: I think we've been down this slippery slope before but this is one of the situations where -- I think everyone here knows the original proposal deal was the idea of making a cell, a bunker, whatever, at the airport site expanding northward over what's now the ballfields and some larger area there approaching I think 80 acres or more and it seems to me that that's the only site in St. Louis city and county that I understand was ever under consideration for that.

If the recommendation of the group which seems to be going that ballfields and the airport site be cleaned up to level IV and as I understand the city is not interested in having this sort of a facility there as have the voters previously and, you know, we sort of went around this before. I guess the question that always comes back to me is we're talking about a possible local regional site.

Exactly where is that, because I don't think there is one that anyone is going to agree to.

The other possibility is, indeed, the Weldon Spring bunker which I think presents political problems, all sorts of political problems, which I

doubt the state would want to get in to. But I know at the time -- it's no longer in his district but the time that site was agreed upon it was Congressman Volkmer who had that site at one time in District 9 and made it very clear that people in St. Charles County would take care of their own stuff but there would be hell to pay if they were asked to take on anyone else's waste. So I just want to know frankly where this local site is that we keep talking about.

THE FACILITATOR: Nobody has suggested it.

But I was simply responding to Kay's question about disposal and how specific the recommendation is in that regard.

MR. BINZ: Jim, I supported the Option IV cleanup for the haul route and vicinity properties primarily from the perspective of utility workers health and safety. At this point in time the gas company, as an example, does not maintain OSHA 1910.120 training certification for utility workers excavating any contaminated material. It was that perspective primarily that led my management to deciding for a Class IV option.

There was another reason as well probably worth mentioning. At one point in time, utility companies were in support of a clean corridor

concept. That concept where a clean area would be provided for utility companies to relocate utility systems, be reimbursed for those costs for relocation. It appears, though, that that concept seems to be falling away and it appears to be more consensus in terms of a more aggressive cleanup so that I think ultimately led to the decision for a Class IV cleanup.

THE FACILITATOR: Now, there were two other participants at last Wednesday's meeting who are not voting members of this Task Force but who are active participants at the working group level and regular attendees at these meetings.

Peggy Hermes, do you have anything to add?

No? Okay. And Mitch Scherzinger, where are you?

You don't have anything to add either. Okay. That

covers all of the people who participated in last

Wednesday's meeting.

Now, for the rest of you are there questions or comments that you would like to put on the table? Okay.

What we will do is -- I don't know whether
I said this or not, bear with me if I did, I am
distributing to those who did participate last
Wednesday draft minutes from that meeting. I am

asking that those of you who haven't gotten them yet please make sure you get them before you leave the room today and that you go through the minutes and fax to me any proposed amendments to this draft. And Sarah and I will then produce the approved version of these minutes and send them out to everyone on the Task Force. So as soon as I get the comments, we will develop the final approved version.

MR. PRYOR: A procedural question. When I was mentioning John Lark, Sally seemed interested in hearing what he had to say and I took from Dave Adler's nod that he'd probably welcome talking to him as well. If I get ahold of John today and get him involved, how could we best make his information available to everybody in a way that would be useful?

THE FACILITATOR: Either of two ways. What I have been assuming -- the (b) half of the proposition we could call another special meeting of this group. And actually when I say special meeting I'm talking about all of you being invited, all Task Force members, we happen to call it the Remediation Options Working Group but you are all welcome. We could do another one of those for that special purpose if that seems appropriate.

Alternatively, and what I have been assuming would happen starting today, is that -- or starting tomorrow morning actually, I will start drafting the initial draft of the final Task Force report. My objective is to have that draft completed ideally by a week from Friday, ten days from today. I may need the weekend but it will either be on its way to you as of a week from Friday or not later than the following Monday, twelve days from now.

Once you have that initial draft I am certain there will be all sorts of questions, there will be all sorts of proposals for refinement, there will be all sorts of negotiation that will have to go on in order to tighten the draft up. And I expect that sort of conversation to dominate at the August Task Force meeting and so it would be possible if it seemed appropriate, Roger, to have John participate at the August Task Force meeting.

I'm actually dealing with the next item on the agenda, we might as well just finish it, Item 6, and that is you will have an initial draft in approximately two weeks. I would ask that you engage in whatever conversation seems appropriate to you, whether it's among yourselves or whether it is comments that you want to direct to me, whether it is

comments or questions that you want to address to the Department of Energy or any other way you want to communicate in order to get from the initial draft to clarifying your thoughts for development of a second draft. If you do that prior to the August meeting of the Task Force, August 20, so you would have approximately three weeks in which to accomplish all of that.

We will come together on August 20, we will engage in whatever discussion seems appropriate then and I hope to be able to leave that meeting with enough information to refine that initial draft in five days time. So it's essential that you come prepared for debate or persuasion or whatever you think is right and you help me by -- if you can give me written documents, whatever you can do that will enable me to get the second draft, a highly refined second draft generated in five days time, that would put us at approximately August 25 and we are scheduled to meet again then on the seventeenth of September at which time to agree on a final report and recommendation to the Department of Energy.

We would also propose to squeeze into that narrow window between the end of August and the seventeenth of September an opportunity for public

review and comment on this refined second draft. 1 So the notion is as soon as we have the second draft out 2 3 we would distribute it not only to the Task Force but to our extensive mailing list which would include anybody who has ever expressed an interest in this subject. And we would schedule a public meeting 6 probably during -- perhaps September 10, 7 approximately a week prior to the Task Force meeting, 8 so there would be an opportunity to hear public reaction and to incorporate that into our final 10 11 deliberations on the seventeenth. So as of shortly after the seventeenth of 12 September I would expect us to have a final document 13 and we are scheduled to present that to the 14 Department of Energy one week later on Tuesday, 15 September 24 in this room. 16 17 Ouestions? MR. CAVANAGH: First of all, I appreciate 18 the time frame you've got yourself into on that one, 19 that'll be tough. 20 THE FACILITATOR: I didn't get myself into 21 it, you guys got me into it. 22 MR. CAVANAGH: I guess several concerns. 23 One is that this Task Force has not received the 24 report from the Technology Assessment Group which I

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understand is meeting this afternoon, am I correct?

THE FACILITATOR: That's correct.

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MR. CAVANAGH: And that raises concern at least among a few folks, you know, that I've talked about because apparently there are a number of issues out there relative to what technology might be utilized, how that impacts cost, volume, et cetera. And I, frankly, am concerned, significantly concerned, that this Task Force has not been privy to, you know, some of that final information and so that's a key issue.

THE FACILITATOR: That point was made, as you will see when you finally get these minutes, at the July 10 meeting, just last Wednesday night. The question was posed what outstanding issues are there, what pieces of information are there that we really ought to have in order to develop a final report? And the one that was brought up was that the Technologies Working Group has not presented a report and recommendations to the Task Force.

There is a meeting scheduled for two o'clock this afternoon. The Technologies Working Group has been considering one technology of late -- considered a host of them initially. The one that is being considered is ex-situ vitrification and it is

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hoped that after this afternoon's meeting there will
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    be a report and recommendation forthcoming.
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    that's the case, it will be mailed promptly to
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 4
    everyone.
              The overriding notion I think is that any
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    technology that may prove to have application at any
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    portion of our site, or at the entire site, would fit
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    into the equation neatly regardless of when it
    becomes apparent that it's suitable. And by that I
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    mean what we're talking about basically is volume
    reduction. And if the final recommendation of this
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    Task Force is essentially let's excavate this
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    material and ship it somewhere for disposal to the
    extent that we reduce volume we are enhancing, it
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    would seem, our ability to accomplish that goal.
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    I'm not sure that it has to be absolutely sequential
    that we know everything before we can develop our --
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              MR. CAVANAGH: I hear what you're saying,
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I'm not sure I would agree with that.

(Nancy Lubiewski entered the meeting at 9:10 a.m.)

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MR. CAVANAGH: The second issue, and it's all related, is the time frame that I'm hearing relative to budget development in Washington. this point in time those numbers are being crunched, the DOE and everybody else, relative to what fiscal '97 is going to be. And even with, you know, you really hustling and getting our final report and so forth together that's probably going -- if we develop the report and approve it, say, on the seventeenth of September, correct me if I'm wrong from anybody else who knows differently, that's probably past the time in all likelihood that the federal budget for some of these projects for fiscal '97 will be established.

Does anybody know or can speak to that?

MR. ADLER: I can speak very generally and then Les Price who is scheduled to speak a little later can speak probably in a more informed way.

There have been two messages sent to DOE.

Of course, the governor has sent a letter saying give us 40 million I think for '97. This group has sent resolution, not specifying a number but just saying we're looking for a lot because it's a big job. The actual process for setting the budget within Congress of course can continue well into '97, as it did this year, so I don't think there is a dropdead date so to speak that we can or have missed. It's more of an ongoing process and there are those early messages that I think have been sent pretty clearly. I think Less will have more to add to that later.

THE FACILITATOR: Sally?

THE CHAIRPERSON: I just generally want to remind -- I mean, I know you know this but it needs to be focused on -- that this is a multi, multi-year project and we can't be rushing things just for the sake of the next fiscal year. It's a wise move what we did with the resolution but everything doesn't need to be, in my opinion, generated on that basis.

MR. CAVANAGH: I hear what you're saying.

Let me finish my thoughts on this. There are some political considerations, this being an election year. It's a far more political issue than a rational issue, I guess is what I'm saying. And I think, you know, we need to maximize our position.

THE CHAIRPERSON: Sure.

MR. CAVANAGH: And if the election year is the time to maximize it, I'd say go for it. So I would like to make a motion that this Task Force reconvene a week from today at which time we receive a report from the Technologies Working Group, whatever the title of the group is, and perhaps Roger making another contact with -- was it Mr. Lark? -- that might be an appropriate time so that we would have, you know, all that information, have facts and figures that perhaps would help you a little bit even

though, you know, you're going to be in the middle of it anyway, thank God for word processors, but likewise I think would give all of us a greater picture of information and facts relative to putting that together so I would so move that we meet again next week, same time, same station.

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MR. CONANT: I'll second that.

MR. EBERLE: Early on we had had discussions about the need for dealing with the public relations components and the community awareness components and political action components that would be required if we were to aggressively get the resources that we needed to do the job that we thought had to be done, not do the job that other people were giving us money to do. So I think that we began by saying that the task was not just budgeting the \$15 million but the task was to do the job that everybody expected to get done. And one of key ways of doing that was to recognize some of the points that Ric is making and to structure our activities in a way to assure that that occurred.

As I recall, our decision was well we had to begin to get the plan together and we had to decide what it was we wanted and we tended to defer a broader community understanding of the problem and a

broader political action framework for dealing with those things.

So my question is would not this be the time to consider a concurrent track that we pursue just as we've done, which I think you've all done exceptionally, but at the same time we now begin to look at how do we gather public opinion for dealing with the larger tasks and bring together a committee or a group that would begin to look at how we might accomplish that.

In a sense then we would not be put in a position that Ric was put in as how do we take advantage of that opportunity and deal with these things in a piecemeal way but rather we could have a structured plan for community awareness.

MS. DREY: I think also speaking in favor of the motion, Ric Cavanagh's motion that there be a meeting a week from today, I feel that it would be good if the Task Force could give you, Jim, a little more direction about what should go in the report before it's written particularly with respect to prioritizing the cleanup.

And I did introduce a motion at the last

Task Force meeting, which still has been tabled, and

I believe that it would be good if the Task Force

could address that motion which says that the airport site should be our primary remediation site.

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But I think that there are people on the Task Force who feel that they would like more information before they vote on that motion so I would like to -- I don't know the rules about Robert's Rules of Order, and most other rules either about meetings as you all notice. I even called the downtown public library and said how do you get something off the table and there was just all chaos. Nobody knows.

THE FACILITATOR: That's why I questioned whether it really ought to be tabled. I wanted to clarify the issue and then Ric wasn't certain I handled that right and so I went out and bought Robert's Rules of Order.

MS. DREY: It doesn't matter. They were looking at the modern Robert's Rules of Order, there are various versions. No one knows, including my husband.

THE FACILITATOR: I have the fourteenth or the ninth edition, I'm not sure which it is, but I think for our purposes we should, as I said last month, I don't think we ought to be so hidebound by rules as much -- we ought to be guided by them, but

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we ought to accomplish what we set out to
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    accomplish.
              MS. DREY: I just didn't know if you table
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    something -- somebody told me if you table it, it has
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    to come up automatically the next meeting.
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              MR. CAVANAGH: If I could speak.
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    remains as an issue of old business and then it would
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    require a motion and a vote from the committee to
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    remove it from the table and put it back on the
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    table.
              MS. DREY: Today it has to do that?
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                             No, any time.
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              MR. CAVANAGH:
              THE FACILITATOR: No, it doesn't have to be
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    today.
              MR. CAVANAGH: It can stay there in
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    perpetuity I guess.
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              THE FACILITATOR:
                               We will get to old
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    business in just a second.
              MS. DREY: Well, anyway just speaking on
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    behalf of Ric Cavanagh's motion I think it would be
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    helpful. Although we've been meeting for 612 months,
    once a month, I think it would helpful now that it's
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    down at the end of our time, I think it would be very
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    helpful if we could have a meeting a week from today.
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              THE FACILITATOR: Okay. There are three
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people now who have spoken clearly in favor of that.

Anybody else want to address that issue?

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THE CHAIRPERSON: Well, I'll address both Ric's and George's comments. And I agree with Ric, I think it's a good idea to do that because of the timeliness of that information for your purposes for the draft. We might as well try and put out as good a first draft as possible.

And for George, are you suggesting then that some members of this group maybe form some sort of a lobbying type group to work on funding for the large project, is that what you're suggesting?

I would stay away from the MR. EBERLE: choice of words like lobby. But I do think that when you prepare the draft, the draft should be prepared in a way that empowers us as a Task Force and empowers our communities to aggressively move forward on the larger plan. And that if we didn't pay some attention that in the preparation of the draft, we might lose some opportunities to set ourselves or to stage ourselves for that forward action. In other words, I would hate to see us say okay we've done it, the report is in, now we all go home. I think the job is that we move forward to make sure that all of those things happen and that's going to require a

different way of looking at the problem. And I do think a subcommittee might be helpful in doing that 2 if that's what we choose to do. 3 THE CHAIRPERSON: Okay, thanks. 4 THE FACILITATOR: Any additional comments 5 on the motion? There is a motion on the floor. 6 Roger. Well, I would like to talk MR. PRYOR: about George's thing if I could, but I'm certainly in 9 favor of Ric's motion. 10 THE FACILITATOR: Okay. Well, we'll come 11 back to your point. Roger has something to add to 12 Let's see if we can come to closure on the 13 motion that's on the table. Yes, Jim. 14 MR. GRANT: As far as us getting back 15 together again next week, what would be the agenda? 16 17 I mean are we going to have enough things accomplished to really discuss things. 18 THE FACILITATOR: Well, the proposal is 19 that we would integrate information that presumably 20 would be available to us from the Technologies 21 22 Working Group. MS. DREY: John Lark, also. 23 THE FACILITATOR: And John Lark. 24 So there are two pieces of information that presumably would 25

be available to us within the next week that would perhaps have an impact on where we go.

THE CHAIRPERSON: In addition to that I was rereading a letter that Hazel O'Leary had sent to, I believe it was Congressman Talent, and in the last paragraph she mentioned that there would be some further data clarifying some of the cost estimates by July 31. Is that your understanding?

MR. HORGAN: That's correct. The cost estimates are preliminary and that they are working on revised figures to give a better assessment of the cost and they would have something to us right around July 31.

MS. DREY: About what, Tom?

MR. HORGAN: The Congressman as you know wrote the letter to Hazel O'Leary inquiring about the cost of excavation, off-site disposal and what have you -- full cleanup.

MS. DREY: Of the airport site?

MR. HORGAN: Yes. And since this Task

Force began, we've seen preliminary estimates from

DOE that range from 800 to 900 million. We've gotten

feedback from different groups that that might be

inflated. So we have made an inquiry on that, that

we have to get an accurate assessment of the costs.

73 We got the letter back. It really didn't say a lot except that those early costs were preliminary and 2 3 that they're in the process of working on a better assessment of the costs and they should have something relevant to show us in terms of numbers 5 right around July 31, 1996. 6 THE FACILITATOR: I have made note of three We can certainly inquire and determine 8 issues now. whether there is --9 THE CHAIRPERSON: There may not be any 10 information by next Tuesday then if they said the 11 thirty-first. We're a week ahead of that. 12 13 MR. HORGAN: As soon as I get any information on it, I'll definitely let you know. 14 There's no question about that. 15 MS. DREY: 16

I don't know that the Task Force has been asked to find the cheapest cleanup or the fastest or the most permanent or anything. I think we're sort being asked what do we want done with the St. Louis site wastes. But I do think if the working group is meeting this afternoon I think it would be good if Technologies Working Group could report back to this Task Force.

and have as much input as possible into your report

And again, my interest personally is to try

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which is going to represent us and I think it would 1 be much better to have the input before the first 2 draft rather than after and I would be happy to serve 3 as part of a committee if you want. I'm just reading about a new word that 5 everyone has known for years, but I haven't, 6 wordsmithing. I mean, if we could have a wordsmith working group? 8 THE FACILITATOR: Are you asking me? 9 MS. DREY: And I'd be willing to help you 10 with that. 11 THE FACILITATOR: I'm not surprised. 12 13 have assumed --MS. DREY: I have a violin, I can even 14 accompany myself. 15 THE FACILITATOR: You don't need the 16 violin, you do not need the violin. 17 18 First of all, the plan is that the initial draft ought to -- has assumed all along that you 19 would do your very best to make sure I understood, 20 each of you, to make sure I understood what was on 21 your minds and then it becomes my job to try and 22 synthesize that into a single document. 23 But that document would not be distributed beyond the 24 participants in this Task Force, the initial one. 25 Ιt

may be that I'd be off base, it may be that there 1 2 would be a lot of things that you would want to refine before you would want anybody else to see it. 3 So intentionally it would not go beyond this group in the first wave. But that if I do a decent job and you do your wordsmithing well, the second one ought to be clean enough to be distributed to the public. 7 8 MS. DREY: Well, I was thinking too of the motion that I introduced last week, I really feel is 9 an important one to have this Task Force deliberate 10 about and vote on. 1 1 THE FACILITATOR: So we would add that to 12 the agenda for next week's meeting. 13 Is that what you're saying? 14 MS. DREY: Right. 15 16 THE FACILITATOR: Okay. The motion that's on the table. 17 MS. DREY: In fact, I have a proposed addendum and I don't know 18 19 how you do that since I don't even know what to do with the thing that's on the table. 2.0 THE FACILITATOR: Well, we'll need a week 21 22 to research that just to make sure we do it right. MR. CAVANAGH. I think it would be 23 appropriate to discuss that and then, Kay, maybe at 24 next week's meeting, you know, introduce it and I'll 25

tell you how you can to do that procedure. 1 MS. DREY: 2 Okay. MR. CAVANAGH: But I think the intent was 3 to get as much information as possible and to give us an opportunity to have discussion on some of these 5 issues so that committee members can ask questions. THE FACILITATOR: All right. Well, there 7 Is there anymore discussion on that 8 is a motion. motion? 9 MS. DREY: To have a meeting in one week? 10 THE FACILITATOR: Yes. 11 Would we be able to meet here? MS. DREY: 12 Is that possible? 13 THE FACILITATOR: Well, we don't know that 14 But let's first determine whether we want to 15 meet and then we'll figure out what the logistics 16 We'll assume for the moment that we would be 17 meeting here but we will confirm that and let you 18 know right away. 19 So, shall we call the question on that 20 motion? All those in favor of meeting a week from 21 22 today, presumably in this room at the same time

motion? All those in favor of meeting a week from today, presumably in this room at the same time please signify by saying aye? Opposed? It appears that we will be meeting a week from now and we'll check before we leave here on the availability of

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to me. One is to -- well, the main thing is to advise DOE and there is some indication that our recommendation won't all be embraced by DOE unless there is considerable political support, public support out there to push those issues.

And so I think it behooves us if wa're serious about what we come up with in this final report, and we want to see it done, then I think we have to address the issue somehow that it's going to take more than a public hearing and then passing the support on to DOE to make sure this happens.

And I think that's sort of what George is talking about. And it actually does come down to the L-word I'm afraid. I don't know how you cut it but somebody has to be out proselytizing --

MS. DREY: Is that liberal?

MR. PRYOR: No, it's lobbying. And lobbying can be either side of the spectrum. But we have to be in a position where we can proselytize this report in a way that gives us some meaning and hopefully public acceptance in the community and acceptance in the political community.

And, you know, I'd like to see us, you know, go hand in hand with Tom and his boss and the other members of the delegation and see this come

about but it's going to take a lot of I think public support behind this position. And I don't think it's going to be DOE's responsibility, nor do I think it's their intent, to go out and ensure the public support for the recommendation of this Task Force.

So I think George's point is well taken and maybe something we need to talk about a little bit too, where do we go once we reach our decision.

THE FACILITATOR: Okay.

MR. CAVANAGH: To the political issue, it's my understanding there have been some conversations already with some of our congressmen and so forth and there is a good bit of bipartisan support. I know coming from the mayor's office, the county executive office and so forth. The governor's office has been alluded to so that's very positive. So I would ditto those comments and I think we do need a strategy to — you know, this is kind of a good news, bad news situation. I'm glad that most people in St. Louis County, for instance, really have no idea what we're doing and the severity of perhaps some of the issues that we're dealing with.

On the other hand, this may now be the time, you know, to get appropriate information out to the public so that there can be a ground swell of

support because -- I'll be very frank to some of the comments made about Coldwater Creek. I live on Coldwater Creek too and I'm quite well aware that most of my neighbors have no idea really of what is involved in some of these issues.

I know very few people, certainly most people in St. Louis County, have no idea what sits out at the airport. And whether or not this is just a perceived danger or a real risk, the bottom line is, you know, county and city residents I think need to be informed of that.

I think this is a very good time. But, frankly, we have a story to tell. I mean, even when I got involved in this, I had no idea, and I've lived in St. Louis County 25-plus years, I had no idea of the history of where this stuff came from and so forth. It's a true story. It's, quote, marketable. And I mean that, you know, in the positive sense and we need to get that message out and that will create a local ground swell.

THE FACILITATOR: The tension from my perspective is, first of all, there has always been the desire to get a final report as soon as possible so that we have a something to work with and proselytize about and that has taken all sorts of

forms. We've done resolutions because we were anxious about getting our bid in for increased funding. We have at the same time wanted to be deliberative and thorough and cautious about what it is we finally develop in the way of recommendations and somewhere they have to meet.

Originally this process was scheduled to take one year. We were supposed to be finished by a year ago September. And now it's this September. So, you know, somewhere something has to give if we're going to do our job and get it wrapped up.

So we are scheduled to meet a week from today. We now have four potential agenda items, one of which may or not be available to us, and that would be any revised cost estimates that DOE may be developing and hopefully would have something to say about next week, but we're not certain of that, the Technologies Working Group report, John Lark and his observations about especially the lower end of Coldwater Creek and the motion that was tabled at the June meeting.

Okay. Old business. Is there any old business to discuss?

MS. DREY: Am I supposed to do something?
THE FACILITATOR: No, I don't think so.

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MR. CAVANAGH:
                             No, not until next week.
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              THE FACILITATOR: New business?
                                                I'm sorry,
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    old business.
              MS. GINSBURG: It's my understanding that
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    the St. Louis Board of Aldermen had passed a
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    resolution identical to our resolution which was sent
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    to Hazel O'Leary. No?
                           Okay, identical or similar.
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              MS. DREY:
                         I would like a copy of that.
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    Maybe we should all have a copy of that.
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              MS. GINSBURG: I think you already have a
    copy of it, Kay.
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              MS. DREY:
                         So we'll know the date of it,
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    when it was finally passed. Or at least the date.
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              MS. GINSBURG: Okay. I'll get copies to
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    Jim and maybe he can get copies out to everybody in
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    the next mailing.
              THE FACILITATOR:
                               All right.
                                             Thank you.
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    Any other old business?
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              MS. DREY: Would it be helpful for the St.
    Louis County Council to do something like that?
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              THE FACILITATOR:
                                That's new business.
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              MS. DREY:
                         I knew that, Jim.
              THE FACILITATOR: We do have one person who
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    has expressed an interest in speaking in the new
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    business category so I want to make sure we allow
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time. We've got about three minutes according to our formal schedule.

First of all, is there any other old business? All right. New business. Kay's question would it be helpful.

MR. CAVANAGH: We'll take it back to the County Executive's Office and the County Council.

THE FACILITATOR: Thank you. Les Price, you indicated a desire to speak.

MR. PRICE: Thank you, Jim. I'd like to thank the Task Force for allowing me a few minutes to speak again. I won't talk as long as I did the last time I was here and I hope not as controversially as I did last time.

But I did want to make you aware of something that's going on in the Department of Energy circles, not to detract from what you're doing, in fact, I hope is it doesn't, but you do need to be aware of sort of what's going on in the bigger picture from the standpoint of DOE's planning of the Environmental Management Program.

Since I was here in May a couple of things have happened that I want to talk about. On one hand we issued something called the Baseline Environmental Management Report, that's affectionately known as

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BEMR within government circles, and at the same time
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    we issued that our new boss, Al Alm who replaced Tom
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    Grumbly as assistant secretary for Environmental
    Management, basically said that that report was not
    an acceptable basis by which to manage the program
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    and he has initiated a new effort that we call the
    Ten Year Plan. And that's what I wanted to talk
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    about.
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              Just to give you a little bit of background
    about this kind of thing, the Environmental
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    Management Program of which FUSRAP and these sites
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    are a part was basically created around 1989,
    collected together the programs of that nature that
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    existed a number of different places and the
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    Department of Energy put them under this
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    Environmental Management umbrella.
                                         And over the next
    several years that program has grown to be a $6
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    billion a year effort.
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              MS. DREY:
                                  Not FUSRAP?
                         FUSRAP?
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              MR. PRICE: Not FUSRAP, the Environmental
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    Management Program.
                         Tom Grumbly's empire, if you
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    will.
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              MS. DREY:
                         Is now what?
              MR. PRICE:
                          Is now about $6 billion a year
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    now, the program that Al Alm is responsible for
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managing. As that development was occurring, the efforts at the major sites around the country were trying to understand what the problem was and how they might deal with that. This is often called the Cold War legacy.

The question that was being increasingly asked by Congress in particular was how much is this whole thing going to cost and how long is it going to take. They, in fact, asked that we develop answers to those questions and that's what grew to be called BEMR that I just referred to.

The report that we just issued a few weeks ago was the second in Baseline Environmental Management Report and it sort of describes the course that the program has been on. And if you look at its conclusions it was coming up with something of the order of \$235 billion over the next 70 years to complete this task. Those are staggering numbers.

As Al Alm was getting ready to take the helm as assistant secretary and talking with people around the country and talking particularly with people in Congress I think, I think he formed the conclusion that that was not a politically viable basis for the Department of Energy to continue on that path and so he has challenged us to look at

something different.

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And that challenge that we're working on now is basically to try and complete the cleanup part of the program in ten years and to do that and maintain the other elements of the program fall within a constant budget pegged at about what we expect to ask for in fiscal '98. So what that means is that over the next ten years he's looking at about a \$65 billion program and he would like to complete the cleanup in that time frame.

That probably doesn't mean completing the whole task of the Environmental Management Program because there are some tasks like high level waste and spent nuclear fuel and transuranic waste that probably cannot be completed in that time. But all the things that we tend to call environmental restoration or cleanup, he would like to find out what would it take to get that job done in ten years and he has asked all of us in the field, such as myself, all around the country are trying to put together plans as to how would we do it if that were our objective and if we were going to try to meet that objective. And I wanted you all to be aware of that.

The schedule that we are on is that the

individual programs around the country will make an initial submittal to headquarters by the end of July. In the following two months the people in headquarters will try to integrate those, look for inconsistencies, iron those out and make sure they're conforming to the sort of guidelines that Al has laid out and issue a draft by the end of September and then that draft will be worked on, commented on -- a lot of people will have input to that -- and the hope is that the plan will be ready or will be completed before the end of November. That's my understanding of the general schedule. So we're working on that.

We're trying to develop ideas how we might complete FUSRAP in ten years, what are the things we would have to do. It would come to no surprise to you all for St. Louis to meet those kind of targets it will involve a combination of things — leave some material in place, control access on other materials perhaps or other properties and remove some and put in disposal somewhere else. And we're going to be developing those ideas and we'll keep you informed about it.

I think that says that there are really three activities underway that are of interest to you all. First and foremost are your own deliberations

that you've been talking about all morning. Those I expect will stay on track. I'm not trying to say anything that should interfere with that process.

The second thing that's going on is the EMAB process is still underway. Sally, I'm not sure when the EMAB itself is supposed to meet and hear the report to the FUSRAP committee but I still think it's in the September time frame. I haven't heard any firm schedule on that.

And so the thing then is this Ten Year Plan development that we'll keep you informed about as it evolves over the next several months. That's all I wanted to say about that.

I'll entertain questions now or after the meeting. I will also try to respond to a question about the appropriations process, someone asked about that. I've been trying to find out an answer to that myself and I've gotten two answers. One is that Congress is anxious to actually complete the appropriation on schedule because they all want to go back home and campaign. And so the people who tell me that are optimistic that we will have an appropriation before October first. That is consistent with the fact that some of the subcommittees, I believe in the House, are starting

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to mark up the bill and so it is developing.
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   my understanding is that they have not taken any
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   major actions on the Environmental Management
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   budget.
              There are other people who think Congress
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   will try to avert a crisis and basically will vote
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    for a continuing resolution that goes for a long
   period of time, maybe as much as six months if not
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   the whole year. A continuing resolution means
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    continue on the path you're on, you've got the same
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    funding level that you had last year and just sort of
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   keep doing what you're doing. Right now I don't know
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   which of those paths Congress will follow.
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                                Questions?
              THE FACILITATOR:
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              MS. DREY: Okay.
                                The scuttlebutt at least
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    is that Congress would like to complete the budget on
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    time, is that before October 1? Congress before
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    October 1; is that right?
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              MR. PRICE:
                          Yes.
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                                And what about the DOE's
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              MS. DREY:
                         Okay.
    input to Congress? When does the DOE complete its
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    input to Congress on the budget?
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              MR. PRICE: Well, DOE proposed a budget.
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              MS. DREY: Already?
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                          The administration proposed a
              MR. PRICE:
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budget in February and that then is sort of put on
the table and that's what Congress starts with as
they act on the budget that the administration
submits.
          MS. DREY: So you all aren't discussing
fiscal year '97 anymore at all?
          MR. PRICE: We are explaining and defending
the budget that we propose.
                     I guess my other question is,
          MS. DREY:
and I think I understand this, but when you said that
Al Alm said $235 billion over the next 70 years is
not politically viable, it's not acceptable, is he
saying both too many years, a 70 year cleanup and
$235 billion is too much, both time duration and
money?
          MR. PRICE: I think it's both.
                                          I haven't
heard him make a distinction between those two
elements.
          MS. DREY:
                     So this includes all the
abandoned nuclear bomb factories such as
Mallinckrodt?
          MR. PRICE: Yes. And I think you were at
Weldon when he described this.
          MS. DREY: On the television?
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On the television on June 26.

MR. PRICE:

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Nothing has changed since that time except that the momentum is building within all the elements of the department as we're trying to figure out how to do this. It is a challenge. And right now he's asked us how would you do it and he likens it to -- he says in the corporate world you often set forth a goal and try to figure out how to reach it without knowing when you start whether you can or how you can. That's sort of the way he describes this. It certainly is a very ambitious target to try to reach.

MS. DREY: Well, is anyone at the DOE headquarters meddling with the cleanup guidelines like five and fifteen and say we want to leave it dirtier and one of the options is just leave it there?

MR. PRICE: Right now everything is an option. I think he said be creative, be innovative, try to come up with ideas that allows us to meet this target. He hasn't ruled anything out. Certainly we will be working with all the stake holders, we'll be working with the regulators and so no one loses their place at the table as this process evolves. Everyone still needs to be involved in it.

THE FACILITATOR: Nancy Lubiewski has a

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question.
              MS. LUBIEWSKI: I would like to see from
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    this Al -- what's his last name?
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              MR. PRICE:
                          Alm, A-L-M.
              MS. LUBIEWSKI: A goal statement, an
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    emission statement, whatever his purpose is when he
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    sent out the initial memos, his initial request,
   there has to be a purpose to his instructions to the
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   Departments of Energy. If you have something like
    that, I would like to see it please?
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              MR. PRICE: I have a vision statement in my
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    briefcase.
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              MS. LUBIEWSKI: Yes, that would be good.
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              MR. PRICE: It's kind of along the lines of
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    what I said. The vision is to complete the cleanup
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    in ten years.
              MS. LUBIEWSKI: Okay. Could I have a copy
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              I don't need it today.
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    of that?
              MR. PRICE:
                          Sure.
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              THE FACILITATOR: Are there other questions
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    or comments with respect to Mr. Price's remarks?
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           I would like to remind you, those of you who
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    did not sign in when you arrived this morning please
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    do that before you leave here today so we have a
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    complete record of who was in attendance.
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As soon as we break up we will seek to confirm the availability of these facilities for a week from today. Once we know their availability we will advise -- they are available. We have confirmed their availability so we are scheduled to meet here a week from today at 7:30 a.m. You've seen the agenda. We will do everything we can to be prepared for that meeting in every way possible. And unless there is any other new business, we will entertain a motion to adjourn.

MS. DREY: So moved.

THE FACILITATOR: Thank you.

MR. MANNING: Second.

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing is an accurate and complete transcription of my shorthand notes taken at the aforesaid time and place.

Lann Hamelin Court Reporter July 18, 1996
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Dogumentation of Other Public Meetings

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Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP)

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

for the St. Louis Site, Missouri



U.S. Department of Energy